

Deep Learning and Flux Predictions: A New Frontier for USCCC

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Eddy Covariance (EC) Technology for direct measurement of net exchange of trace gases, momentum, energy, and other materials at **ecosystem level**

- ~2000 EC towers since the first one at the Harvard Forest in 1989
- Lots of experience, tools, maintenance protocols, data process, etc.
- Beyond CO₂: CH₄, N₂O, CO, NO_x, aerosols, Albedo, etc.
- Goodwill for data sharing => global synthesis and knowledge development
- Communication and coordinated efforts (e.g., FLUXNET, AmeriFlux, USCCC, etc.)
- Many more



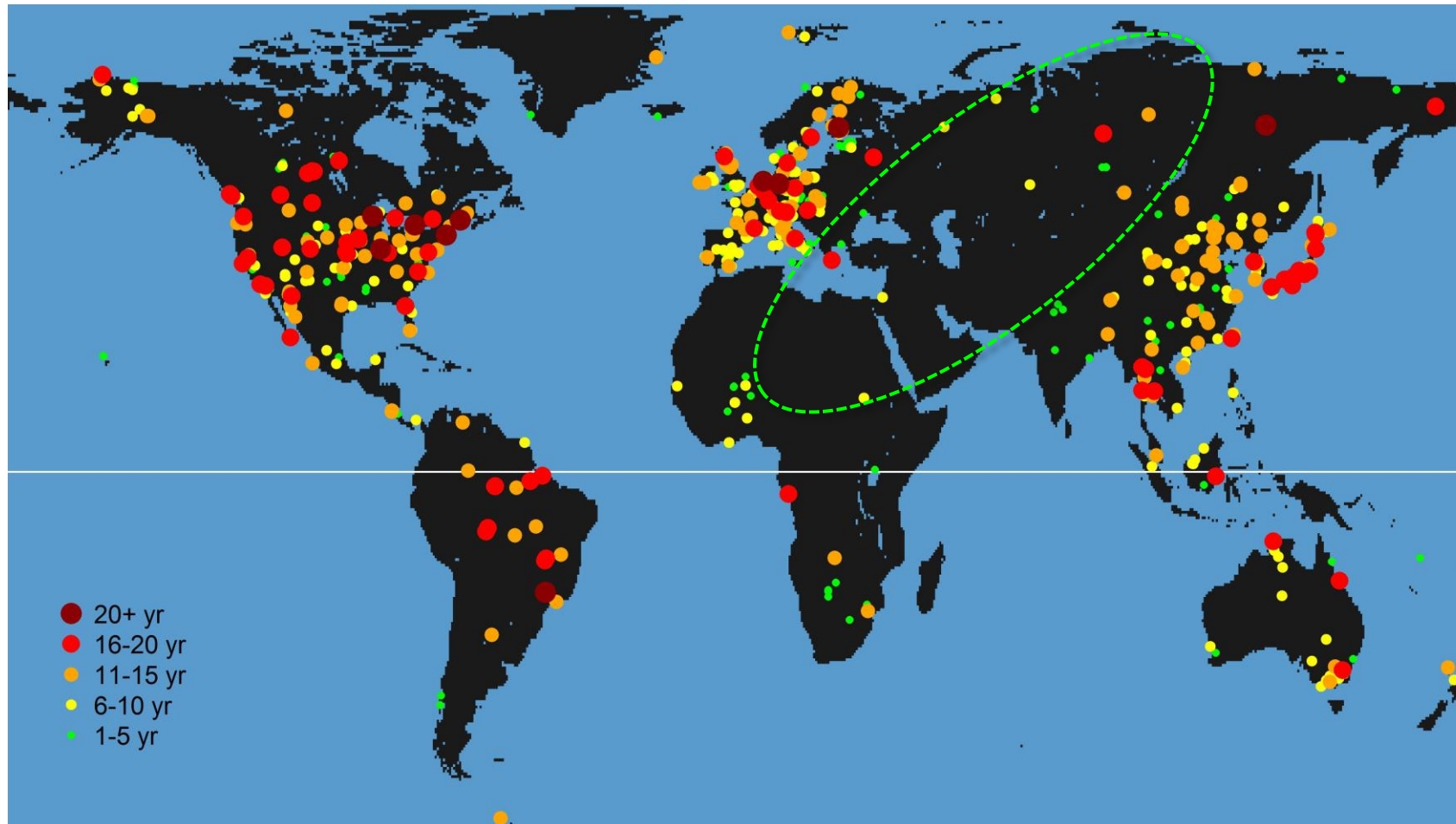
Among the Challenges are

- 1) 2000+ EC towers are not enough to cover all ecosystems, with their distributions seriously skewed
- 2) Most tower sites are not large enough
- 3) Our understanding of the regulation mechanisms on C fluxes is based on a few biophysical models, often empirical, such as Q10, Michaelis-Menten, Farquar, Penman-Monteith, etc.
- 4) There lack reliable models for CH₄ and N₂O fluxes

Among the Challenges are

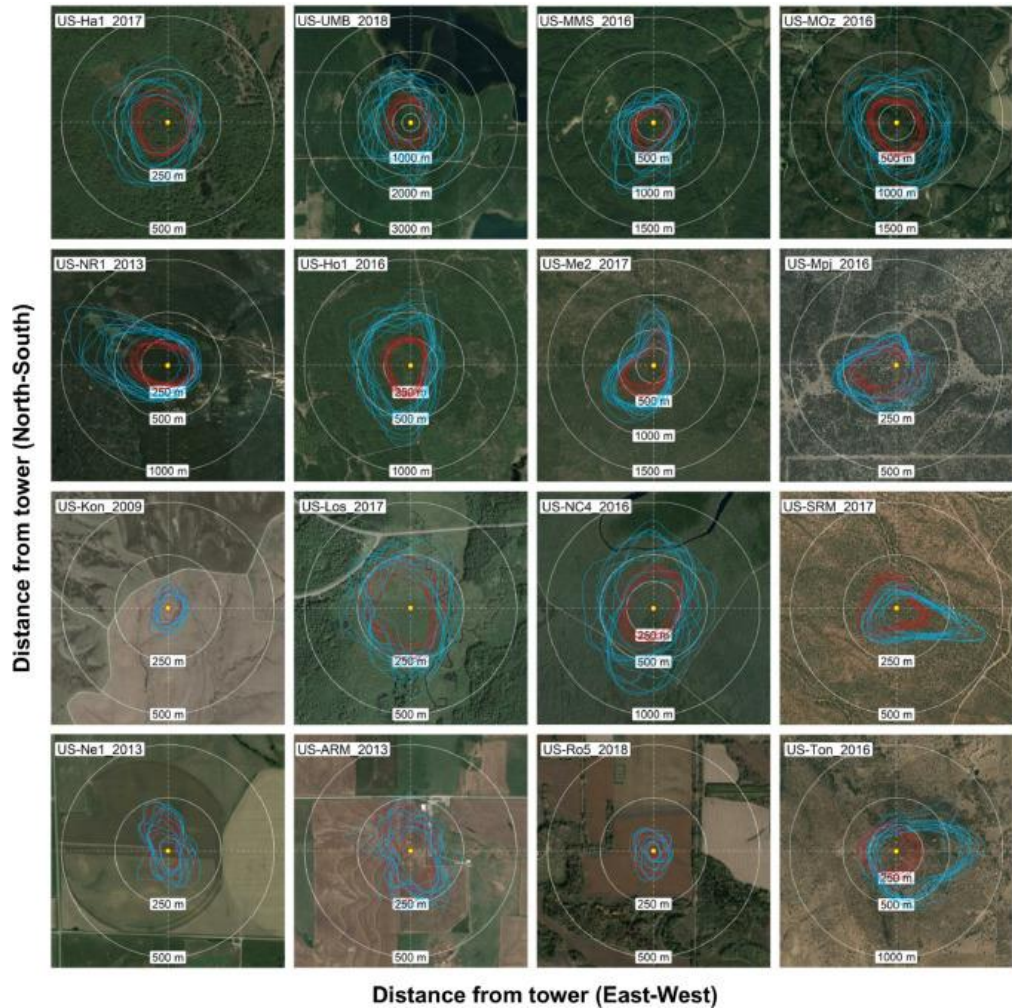
<https://fluxnet.org/sites/site-summary/>

- 2000+ EC towers are not enough to cover all ecosystems, with their distributions seriously skewed



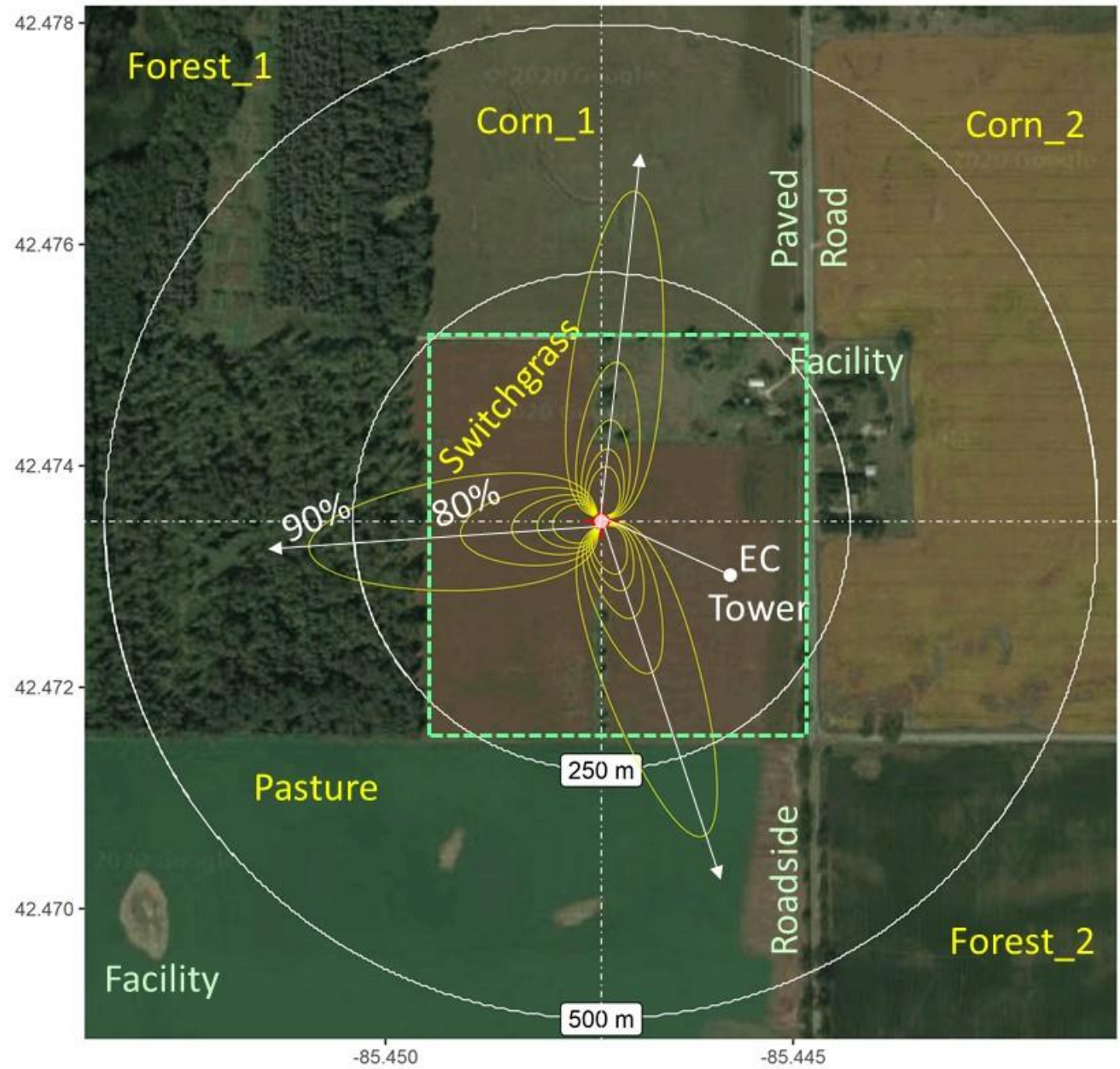
Among the Challenges are

- Most sites are not large enough



Chu et al. 2021. Ag. For. Met.

A switchgrass cropland at the Kellogg Biological Station



Among the Challenges are

- Our understanding of the regulation mechanisms on C fluxes is based on a few biophysical models, often empirically tried, such as Q10, Michaelis-Menten, Farquar, Penmen-Monteith, etc.

$$P_n = \frac{\alpha \cdot PAR \cdot P_m}{\alpha \cdot PAR + P_m} - R_d$$

3 parameters

$$P_n = \frac{2 \cdot \alpha \cdot PAR / P_m}{1 + \alpha \cdot \frac{PAR}{P_m} + \sqrt{(1 + \alpha \cdot \frac{PAR}{P_m})^2 - 4 \cdot \alpha \cdot PAR / P_m}}$$

4 parameters

These are based on PAR & Ta, with many other potential drivers not used!

Yet, we have dozens of other variables collected at an EC tower, but not used

The image shows a screenshot of an Excel spreadsheet titled "AGR-C-FC - Excel". The spreadsheet contains a data table with columns labeled A through X and rows numbered 1 through 34. The columns represent various variables: A (CO2), B (H2O), C (FC), D (LE), E (H), F (USTAR), G (WD), H (WS), I (ZL), J (U_SIGMA), K (V_SIGMA), L (W_SIGMA), M (PA), N (T_SONIC), O (SW_IN), P (TA), Q (RH), R (VPD), S (SWC), T (TS_1_1_1), U (TS_1_2_1), V (TS_1_3_1), W (G_1_1_1), and X (G_2_1_1). The value -0.753518547938533 is highlighted in cell F5. The spreadsheet interface includes a ribbon with tabs for File, Home, Insert, Page Layout, Formulas, Data, Review, View, and Help. The status bar at the bottom shows the current file name "AGR-C-FC" and the system tray with the time 7:49 AM on 7/30/2021.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X
1	CO2	H2O	FC	LE	H	USTAR	WD	WS	ZL	U_SIGMA	V_SIGMA	W_SIGMA	PA	T_SONIC	SW_IN	TA	RH	VPD	SWC	TS_1_1_1	TS_1_2_1	TS_1_3_1	G_1_1_1	G_2_1_1
2	-1.33163	-1.08039	0.20826	-0.65045	-0.3864	-0.71644	1.01033	0.13426	0.02564	-0.55868	-0.45544	-0.53	0.06022	-1.51739	-0.49113	-1.15501	0.69957	-1.51E-12	-1.65883	-1.15294	-1.20357	-1.20294	#####	5.53E-1
3	-1.31099	-1.08093	0.21274	-0.64188	-0.39044	-0.64415	0.89945	0.14395	0.02393	-0.38259	-0.44898	-0.4245	0.06743	-1.5163	-0.49113	-1.15792	0.82335	-1.51E-12	-1.65908	-1.15338	-1.2036	-1.20384	#####	5.53E-1
4	-1.31823	-1.07857	0.19566	-0.69279	-0.38757	-0.59779	0.91271	0.13965	0.02192	-0.06104	-0.25988	-0.30364	0.0835	-1.5123	-0.49113	-1.15789	0.88849	-1.51E-12	-1.65921	-1.15386	-1.20366	-1.20485	#####	5.53E-1
5	-1.32445	-1.07636	0.2114	-0.66502	-0.39211	-0.75352	0.87764	-0.04149	0.02913	-0.48234	-0.49185	-0.44475	0.08776	-1.51423	-0.49113	-1.15474	0.91455	-1.51E-12	-1.65955	-1.15429	-1.20372	-1.20583	#####	5.53E-1
6	-1.27446	-1.10439	0.20259	-0.65006	-0.36522	-0.81379	0.94443	-0.18645	0.02274	-0.67411	-0.56458	-0.58614	0.11651	-1.50978	-0.49113	-1.15613	0.96016	-1.51E-12	-1.65992	-1.15472	-1.2038	-1.20676	#####	5.53E-1
7	-1.27609	-1.08608	0.24342	-0.67469	-0.3704	-0.65298	0.82224	-0.12988	0.01969	-0.46047	-0.65562	-0.61652	0.13264	-1.50491	-0.49113	-1.15424	1.05788	-1.51E-12	-1.66028	-1.1551	-1.20388	-1.2076	#####	5.53E-1
8	-1.28577	-1.07156	0.21735	-0.65968	-0.36709	-0.77267	0.87341	-0.21379	0.02199	-0.56477	-0.63283	-0.57762	0.165	-1.48634	-0.49113	-1.15047	1.08394	-1.51E-12	-1.66016	-1.15543	-1.20397	-1.20843	#####	5.53E-1
9	-1.28181	-1.06418	0.25623	-0.659	-0.35861	-0.69098	0.85382	-0.18887	0.01756	-0.59138	-0.66928	-0.76986	0.16329	-1.47289	-0.49113	-1.13273	1.12954	-1.51E-12	-1.66027	-1.15571	-1.20406	-1.20918	#####	5.53E-1
10	-1.26209	-1.05564	0.23526	-0.67033	-0.38786	-0.73949	0.90857	-0.06476	0.02713	-0.32829	-0.63789	-0.70622	0.16278	-1.45627	-0.49113	-1.11646	1.12303	-1.51E-12	-1.65999	-1.15592	-1.20414	-1.20983	#####	5.53E-1
11	-1.17878	-1.07217	0.31781	-0.70222	-0.36054	-0.75823	1.11139	0.31262	0.01938	-0.4805	-0.26807	-0.53684	0.1772	-1.43119	-0.49113	-1.09998	1.11651	-1.51E-12	-1.65981	-1.15609	-1.20423	-1.21034	#####	5.53E-1
12	-1.23975	-1.05215	0.21834	-0.65902	-0.42384	-0.62297	1.19547	0.41911	0.03011	-0.5623	-0.53115	-0.56948	0.19072	-1.41414	-0.49113	-1.0777	1.12303	-1.51E-12	-1.65979	-1.15629	-1.20436	-1.21082	#####	5.53E-1
13	-1.27862	-1.0419	0.21982	-0.67107	-0.45694	-0.72255	1.27272	0.15033	0.0455	-0.81087	-0.58894	-0.77831	0.20237	-1.41311	-0.49113	-1.05952	1.06439	-1.51E-12	-1.66048	-1.15642	-1.20447	-1.21123	#####	5.53E-1
14	-1.28725	-1.04351	0.20295	-0.66739	-0.44479	-0.80909	1.26473	0.10227	0.05171	-0.92246	-0.59163	-0.85413	0.23618	-1.41715	-0.49113	-1.05676	1.00576	-1.51E-12	-1.66107	-1.15655	-1.20458	-1.21159	#####	5.53E-1
15	-1.28508	-1.04378	0.22771	-0.65918	-0.44638	-0.73147	1.26653	0.23771	0.04334	-0.71002	-0.65186	-0.72204	0.26977	-1.41735	-0.49113	-1.06016	0.94713	-1.51E-12	-1.66131	-1.15675	-1.20466	-1.21191	#####	5.53E-1
16	-1.27218	-1.05027	0.16516	-0.64335	-0.41652	-0.48184	1.31002	0.37729	0.02348	-0.5401	-0.30199	-0.63455	0.29389	-1.40745	-0.49113	-1.06045	0.90152	-1.51E-12	-1.66206	-1.15694	-1.20475	-1.21228	#####	5.53E-1
17	-1.31637	-1.0421	0.2256	-0.66848	-0.48327	-0.30275	1.37553	0.30931	0.02601	-0.48656	0.11689	-0.38497	0.30109	-1.40863	-0.49113	-1.04987	0.95364	-1.51E-12	-1.6621	-1.15711	-1.20486	-1.21264	#####	5.53E-1
18	-1.33857	-1.04641	0.17993	-0.66207	-0.48748	-0.19239	1.37229	0.35325	0.02346	-0.45403	-0.00321	-0.41794	0.32639	-1.41097	-0.47562	-1.05005	0.82335	-1.51E-12	-1.66207	-1.15729	-1.20495	-1.2129	#####	5.53E-1
19	-1.34727	-1.0468	0.17327	-0.65797	-0.43722	-0.15511	1.38836	0.28219	0.01909	-0.54159	0.08863	-0.42697	0.35104	-1.41337	-0.39411	-1.05155	0.6279	-1.51E-12	-1.66229	-1.15744	-1.20503	-1.2132	#####	5.53E-1
20	-1.35412	-1.05012	0.15515	-0.64495	-0.42323	-0.18622	1.39377	0.41873	0.01846	-0.19716	0.27733	-0.20373	0.39025	-1.41066	-0.19692	-1.04494	0.52367	-1.51E-12	-1.66182	-1.15749	-1.20511	-1.21324	#####	5.53E-1
21	-1.36204	-1.05128	0.24916	-0.61292	-0.39604	0.06939	1.38584	0.46948	0.01473	0.00847	0.19154	-0.20621	0.41984	-1.40214	-0.09917	-1.03303	0.46503	-1.51E-12	-1.66128	-1.15744	-1.20516	-1.21313	#####	5.53E-1
22	-1.36195	-1.05314	0.23441	-0.6272	-0.3207	-0.14396	1.46961	0.02468	0.01079	-0.24341	0.34729	-0.21697	0.46194	-1.38789	0.03712	-1.01694	0.31519	-1.51E-12	-1.66036	-1.1572	-1.2052	-1.21271	#####	5.53E-1
23	-1.35814	-1.06204	0.20793	-0.56398	-0.31871	0.2657	1.52937	0.48406	0.0113	0.46439	0.92893	0.20107	0.4869	-1.37552	0.37781	-0.98144	0.12627	-1.51E-12	-1.65941	-1.15673	-1.20519	-1.21181	#####	5.53E-1
24	-1.34225	-1.06619	0.15699	-0.55845	-0.27413	-0.29881	1.60125	0.2855	0.0059	0.27927	0.44585	0.50036	0.47142	-1.36744	0.63316	-0.95876	-0.09524	-1.51E-12	-1.65886	-1.15609	-1.20514	-1.21062	#####	5.53E-1
25	-1.32857	-1.06819	0.17355	-0.54997	-0.29903	-0.03121	1.49601	0.45565	0.00978	0.31139	0.97223	0.22582	0.46352	-1.36657	0.5235	-0.9347	-0.1669	-1.51E-12	-1.65895	-1.15539	-1.20495	-1.20937	#####	5.53E-1
26	-1.34652	-1.08868	0.03577	-0.59923	-0.46241	-0.94188	-2.21564	-0.09443	0.08642	0.1246	0.37294	0.40987	0.44319	-1.3805	1.31642	-0.92233	-0.48612	-1.51E-12	-1.65831	-1.15463	-1.20492	-1.20803	#####	5.53E-1
27	-1.37105	-1.10663	0.00824	-0.56096	-0.44678	0.36578	1.47152	0.39606	0.01521	0.01566	0.84687	0.2423	0.40708	-1.38217	0.9495	-0.90059	-0.66202	-1.51E-12	-1.65844	-1.15394	-1.20487	-1.20684	#####	5.53E-1
28	-1.35299	-1.11808	0.06543	-0.57017	-0.39693	-0.09566	1.654	0.17115	0.01577	0.21209	0.6099	0.42011	0.38112	-1.37521	1.66561	-0.86454	-0.90958	-1.51E-12	-1.65859	-1.15309	-1.20479	-1.20561	#####	5.53E-1
29	-1.35201	-1.12382	0.08855	-0.61062	-0.53396	-0.61455	1.63344	-0.03029	0.05224	0.13983	0.57094	0.17522	0.36045	-1.3606	1.33536	-0.86691	-1.11154	-1.51E-12	-1.65881	-1.15235	-1.20466	-1.20443	#####	5.53E-1
30	-1.34951	-1.1335	0.08594	-0.5607	-0.4916	-0.23099	1.52991	0.26576	0.02475	0.15061	0.83253	0.17194	0.36158	-1.34984	0.84756	-0.81974	-1.24184	-1.51E-12	-1.65895	-1.15173	-1.20455	-1.20354	#####	5.53E-1
31	-1.36669	-1.143	0.11758	-0.4494	-0.49695	0.7041	1.45944	1.2324	0.01491	0.76157	1.67316	0.60429	0.39043	-1.3646	0.82323	-0.87892	-1.20926	-1.51E-12	-1.65978	-1.15117	-1.20427	-1.20266	#####	5.53E-1
32	-1.36998	-1.14371	0.22882	-0.48948	-0.54118	0.79775	1.42781	1.27964	0.01532	0.69606	1.16249	0.44256	0.4094	-1.36999	0.46369	-0.90837	-1.09851	-1.51E-12	-1.66074	-1.15074	-1.20397	-1.20209	#####	5.53E-1
33	-1.39546	-1.22231	0.53891	-0.52415	0.33388	0.5442	1.46024	0.73799	-0.00378	0.29895	0.67454	0.20887	0.4362	-1.37612	0.03096	-0.94812	-1.04639	-1.51E-12	-1.66153	-1.15055	-1.20423	-1.20179	#####	5.53E-1
34	-1.38444	-1.15088	0.16286	-0.47496	-0.4803	0.29755	1.47776	0.6703	0.01663	0.08857	0.7855	0.27023	0.46301	-1.39106	-0.12386	-0.97878	-0.88352	-1.51E-12	-1.66226	-1.15047	-1.2041	-1.20146	#####	5.53E-1

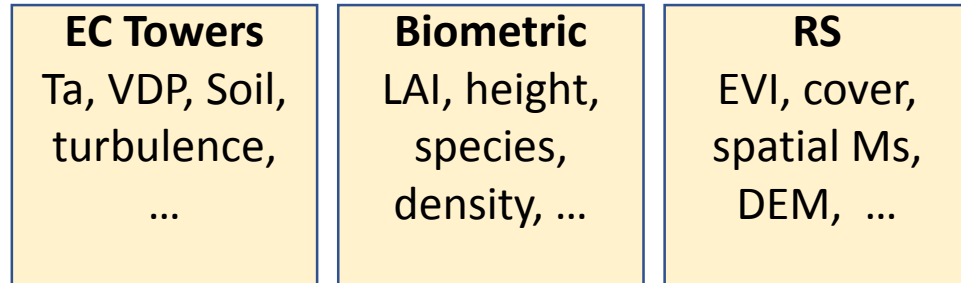
Among the Challenges are

- There lack reliable models for CH₄ and N₂O fluxes

Knox et al. 2019; Delwiche et al. 2021). The growth in available CH₄ data can help improve bottom-up estimates of regional-to-global wetland CH₄ sources (Treat et al. 2018; Peltola et al. 2019; Rose-ntreter et al. 2021) but this requires data processing standards that ensure eddy covariance CH₄ flux data products are of the same quality and provenance as carbon dioxide (CO₂) and energy fluxes (e.g., FLUXNET2015; Pastorello et al. 2020). Gap-filling is a particularly

Opportunities

1. Rich data



2. Evolving analytical tools



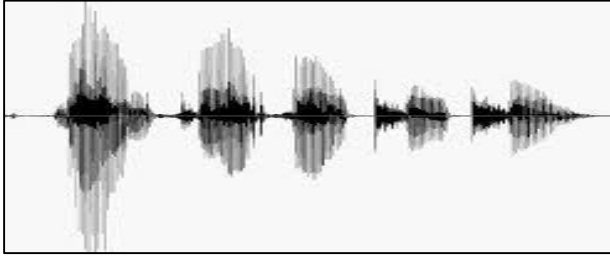
All contribute to the magnitude and dynamics of fluxes

Mechanistic and/or empirical explorations

Accurate predictions of fluxes and underline regulations

Machine Learning in flux studies?

Speech Recognition



Human **expertise** does not exist

Personalized Medicine



Models must be **customized**

Genomics

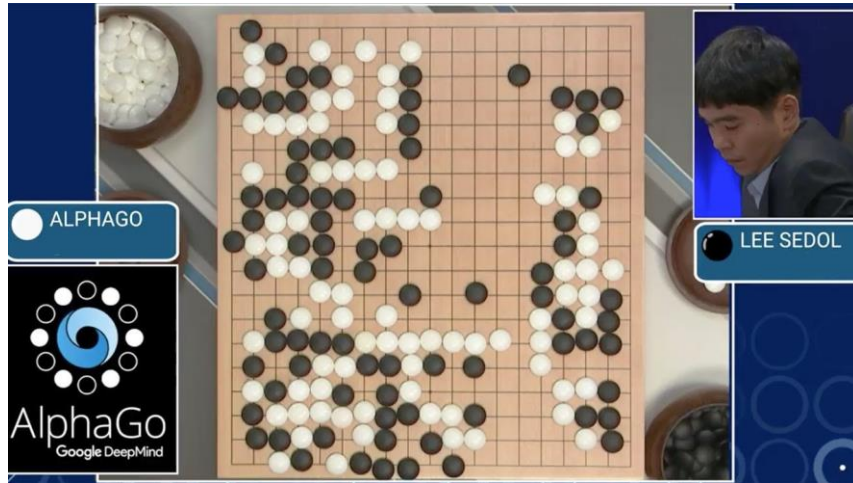


Huge amounts of data

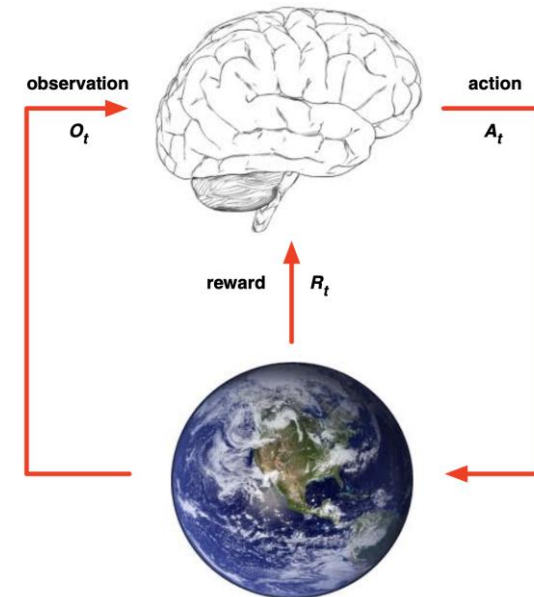
The fundamental concept of Machine Learning (ML) in flux studies

All bio-physical variables are responsible, at various degrees, for the magnitude and dynamics of fluxes, with known or unknown mechanisms.

Complex tasks

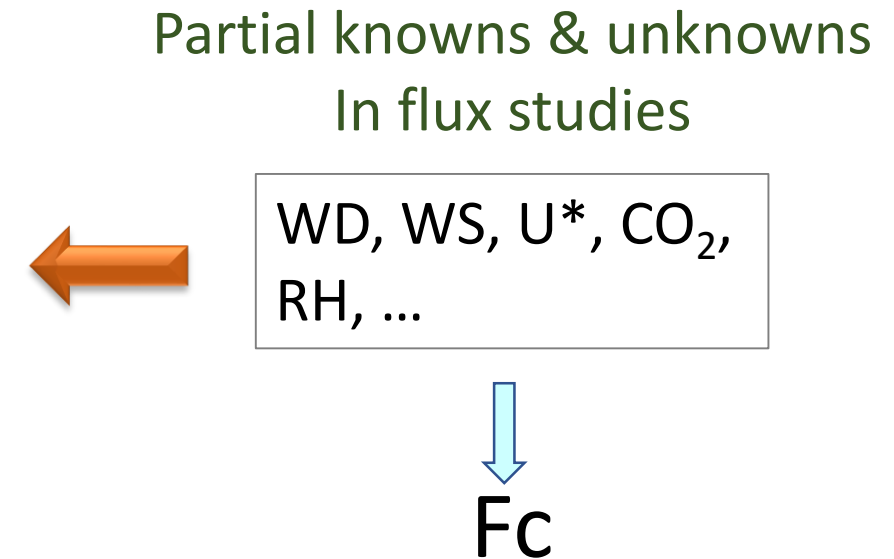
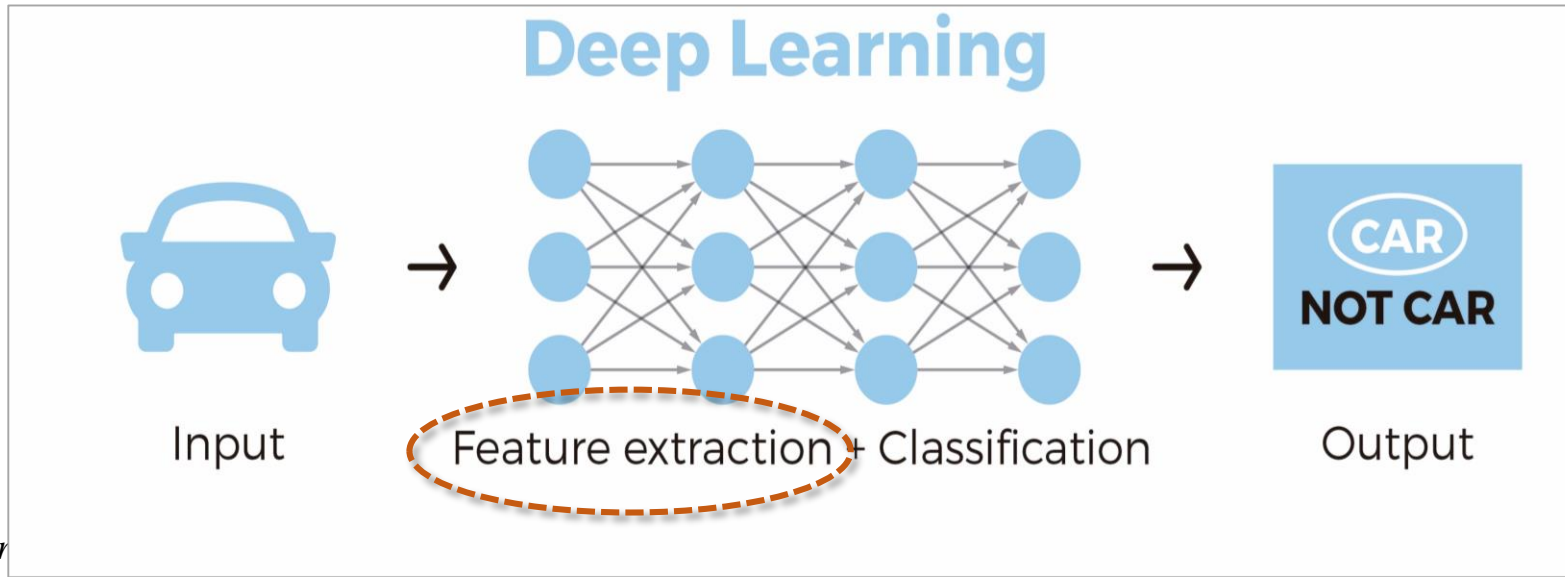
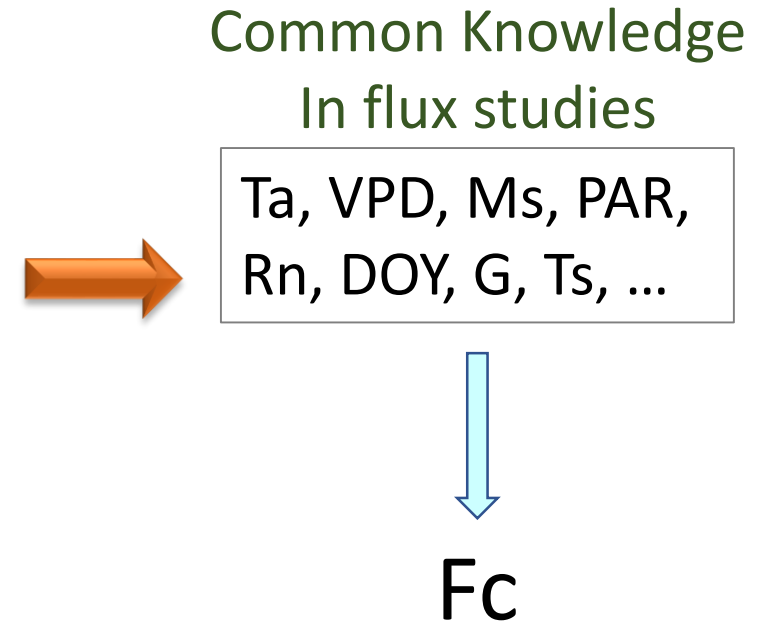
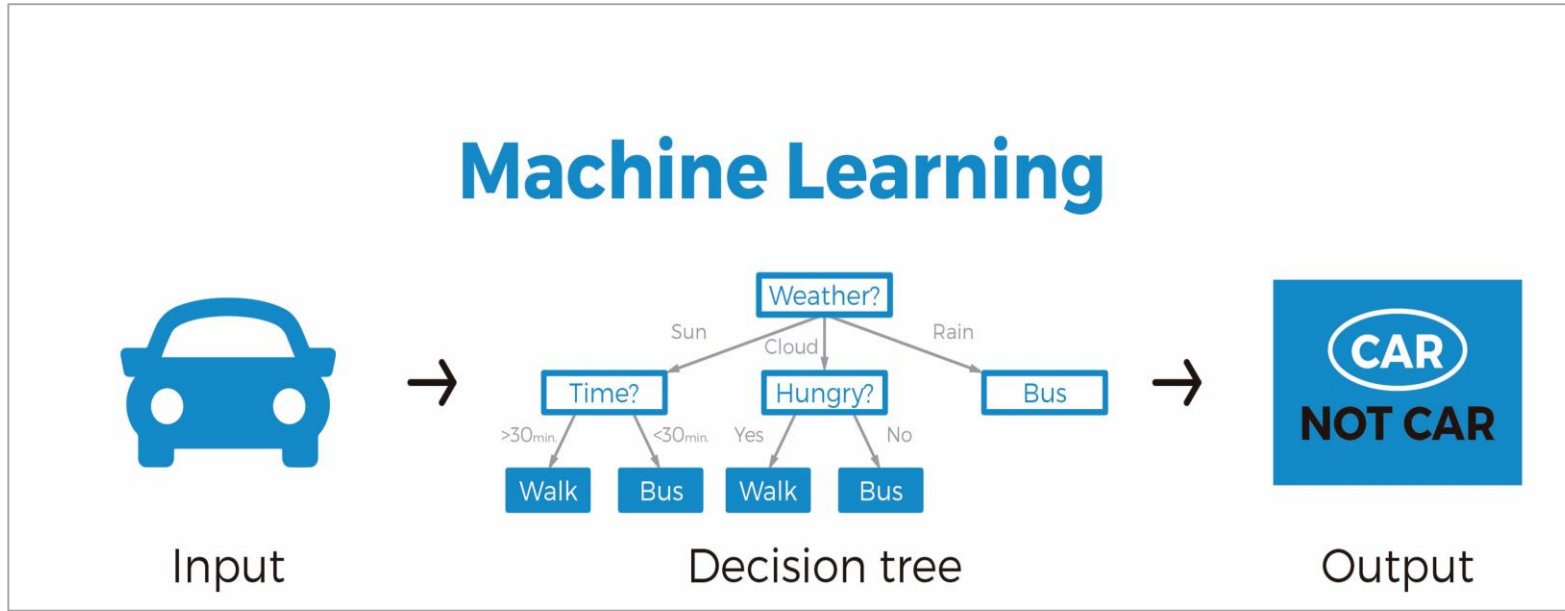


Continuously updated



Credit: Dr. Jiliang Tang

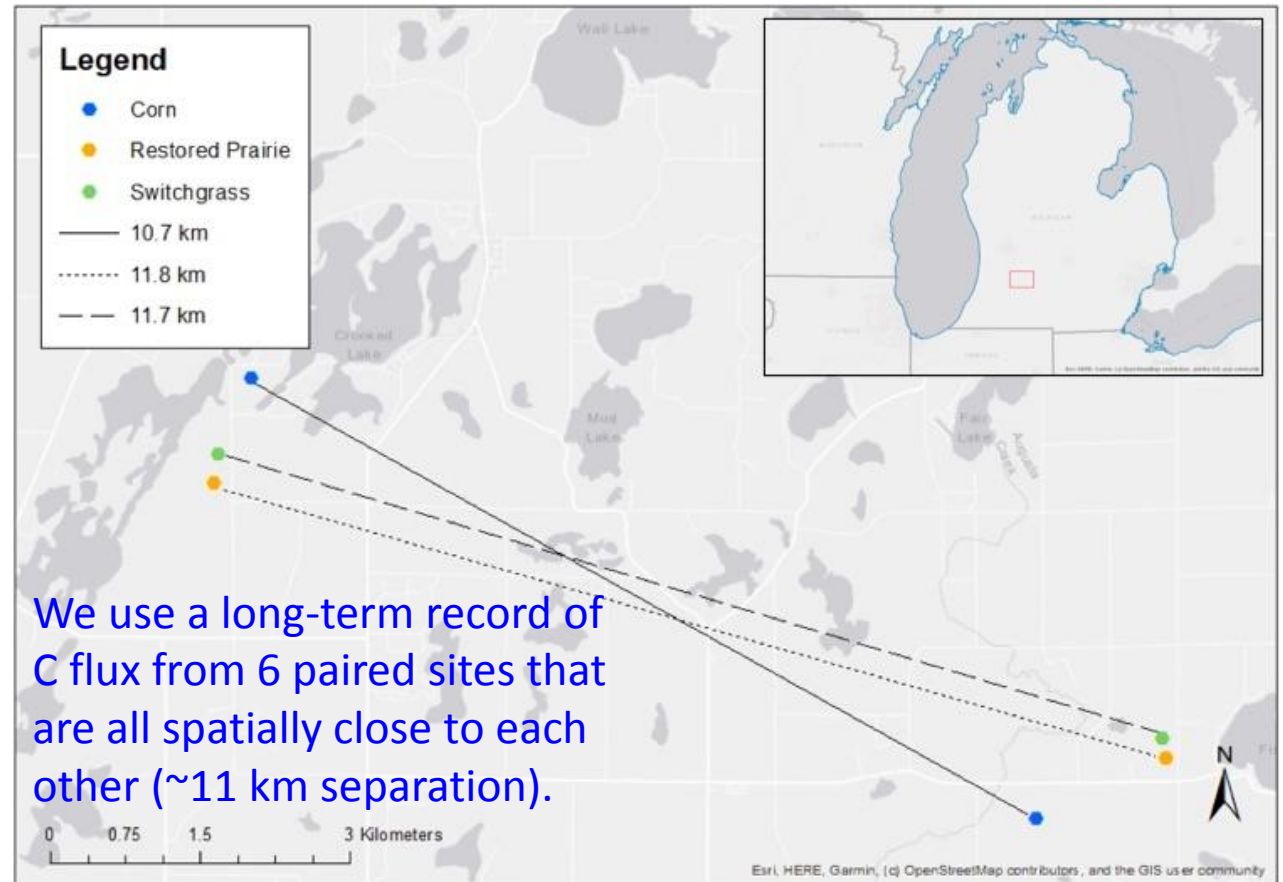
Deep Learning vs Traditional Machine Learning



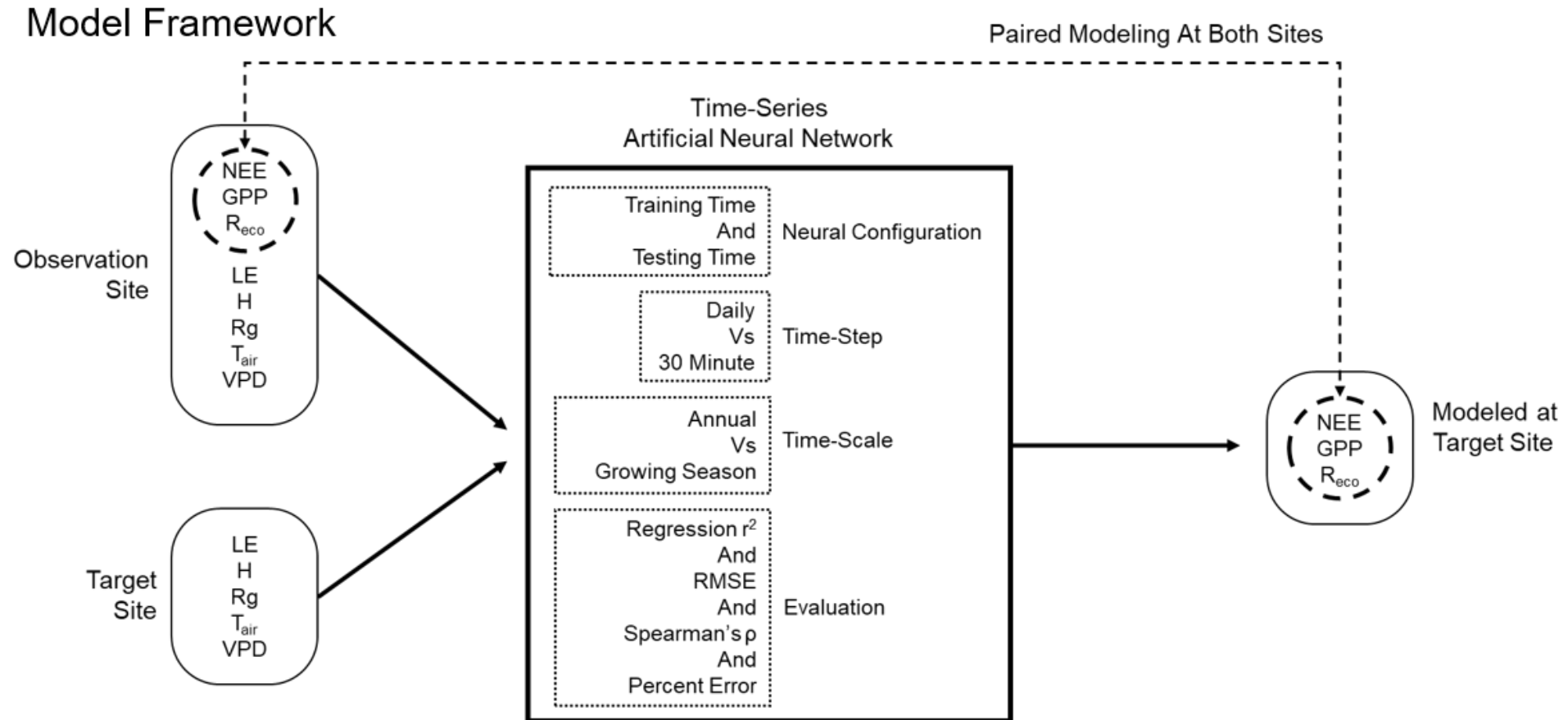
Reed, D.E., J. Poe, M. Abraha, K. M. Dahlin, and J. Chen.
Modeled Surface-Atmosphere Fluxes from Paired Sites in the
Upper Great Lakes Region Using Neural Networks. *Journal of
Geophysical Research – Biogeosciences* (accepted)

- Can we use the knowledge built from one EC site to predict others using a small set of *in situ* measurements (5 key ancillary variables)?
- Artificial Neural Network (ANN)

Map of 3-paired EC sites; color coded by land-cover type, showing distance between paired EC sites at the Kellogg Biological Station, Michigan



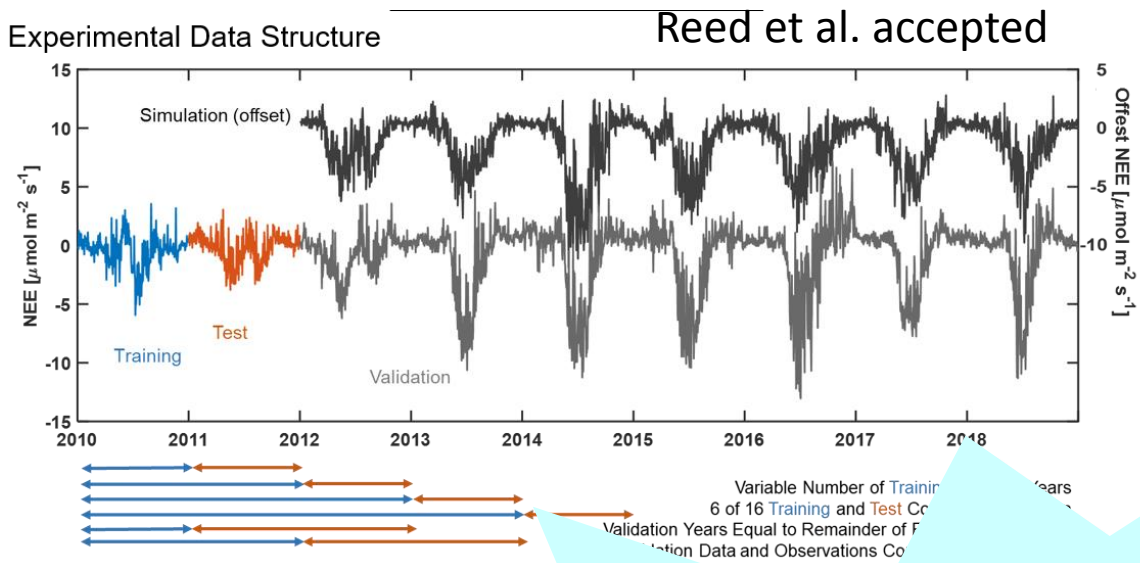
Conceptual framework of experimental design, showing model input data used from the observation and target sites that is used to model carbon fluxes at the target site.



Major Lessons

1. C flux can be estimated with the same amount of uncertainty as the observations themselves, with uncertainties of 20%, 22%, and 8% for annual NEE, Reco, and GPP, respectively.
2. We also show that 32 ANN models can estimate sums of Reco and GPP fluxes without needing the constraint of similar land-cover-type, with annual uncertainties of 12% and 10%.

EC towers provide multiple time series data of dozens variables



Chile's Atacama desert: World's driest place in bloom after surprise rain -- BBC



- Does the snow fall from ... for current ...
- Would ... for present ...
- Are heatwaves in the ... growing season NEP?

Recurrent Neural Network (RNN)

Spatial information

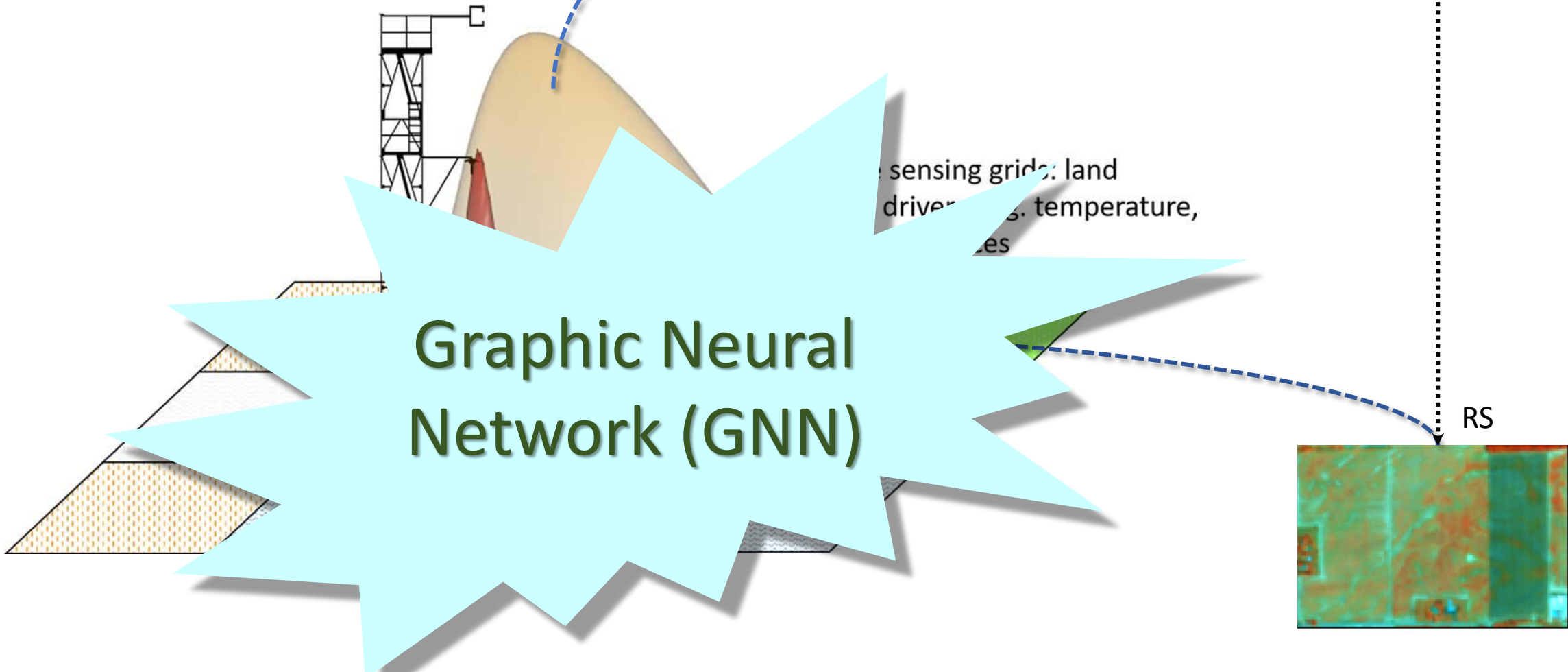
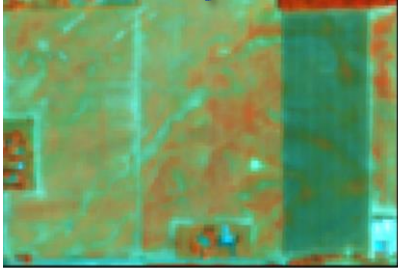
Tower measurements: flux responses; meteorological drivers, e.g. temperature, humidity

Footprint Model

sensing grids: land drivers, e.g. temperature, humidity

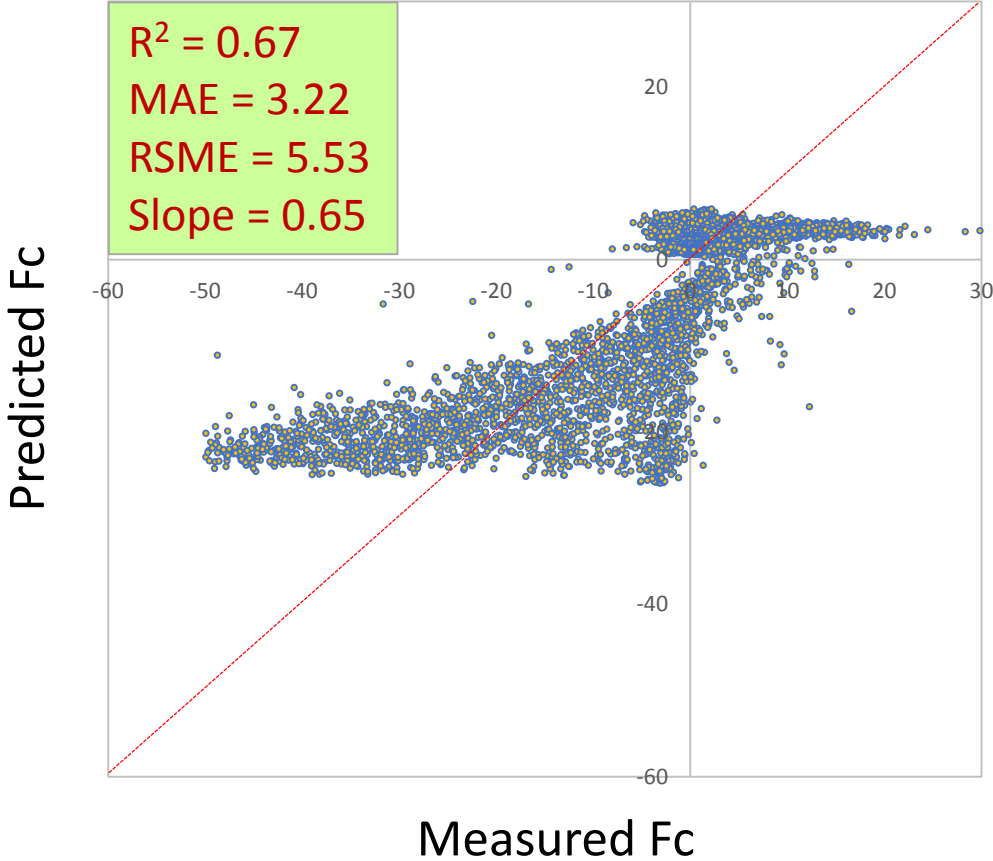
Graphic Neural Network (GNN)

RS

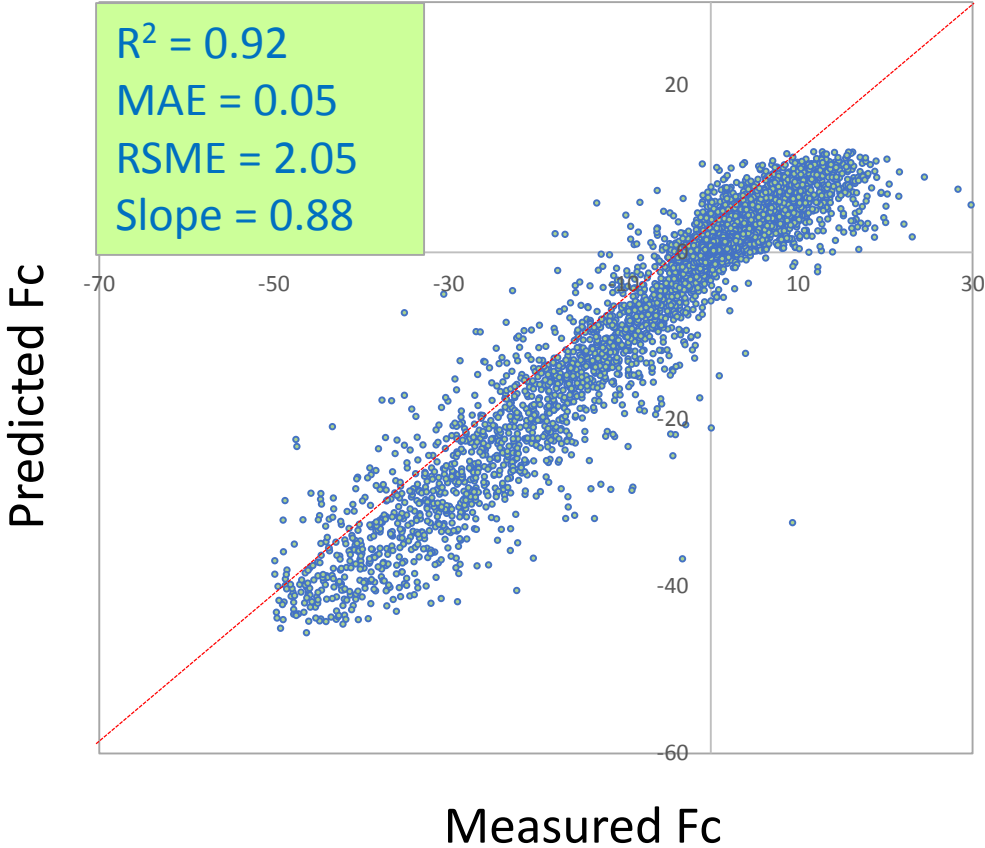


Predictions based on conventional “biophysical models” and recurrent neural network (RNN) at an agricultural land in KBS

[MM + Q10] model

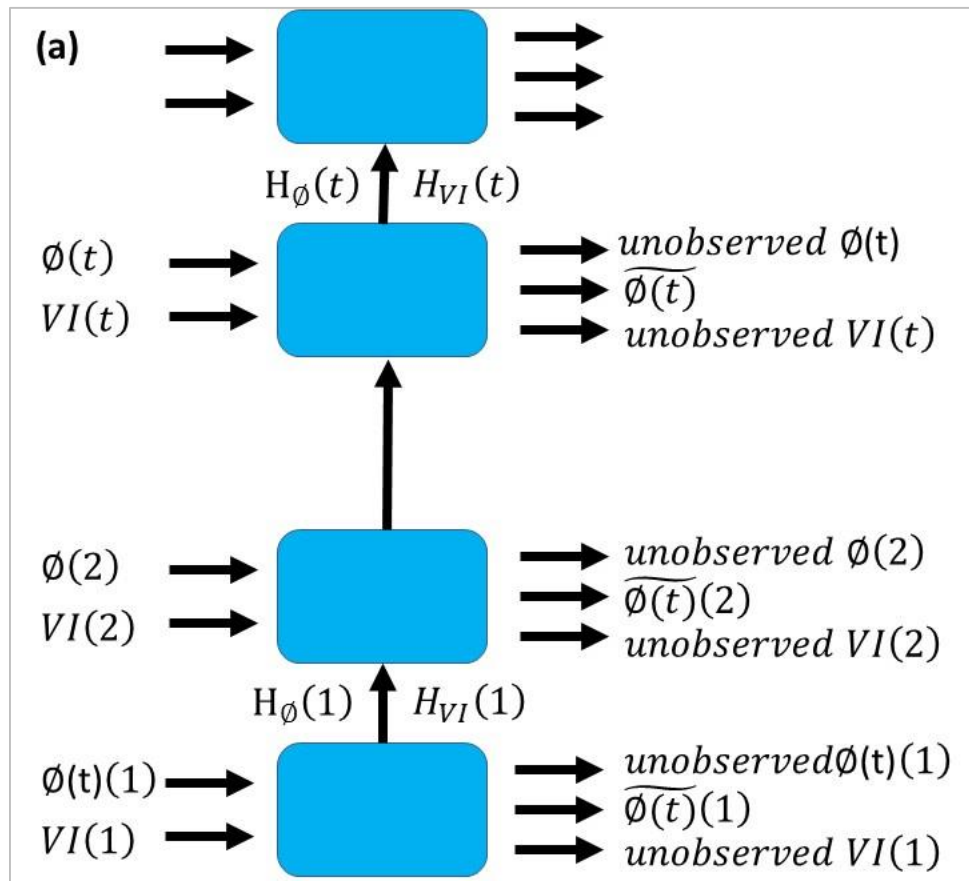


RNN model

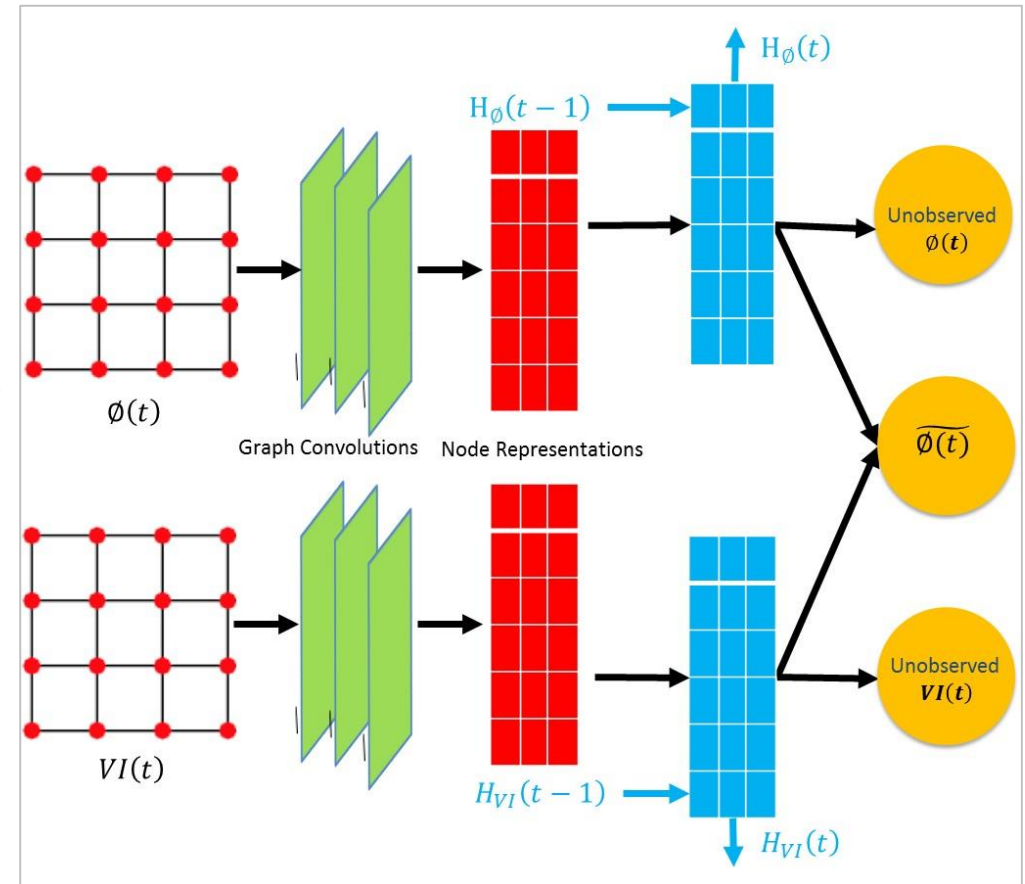


Proposed architecture of GNN & RNN for estimating model parameters with partially known, or unknown mechanisms by assuming missing values of $\phi_{ij}(t)$ and $VI(t)$ at any giving time (t) and space (i,j) (i.e., nodes)

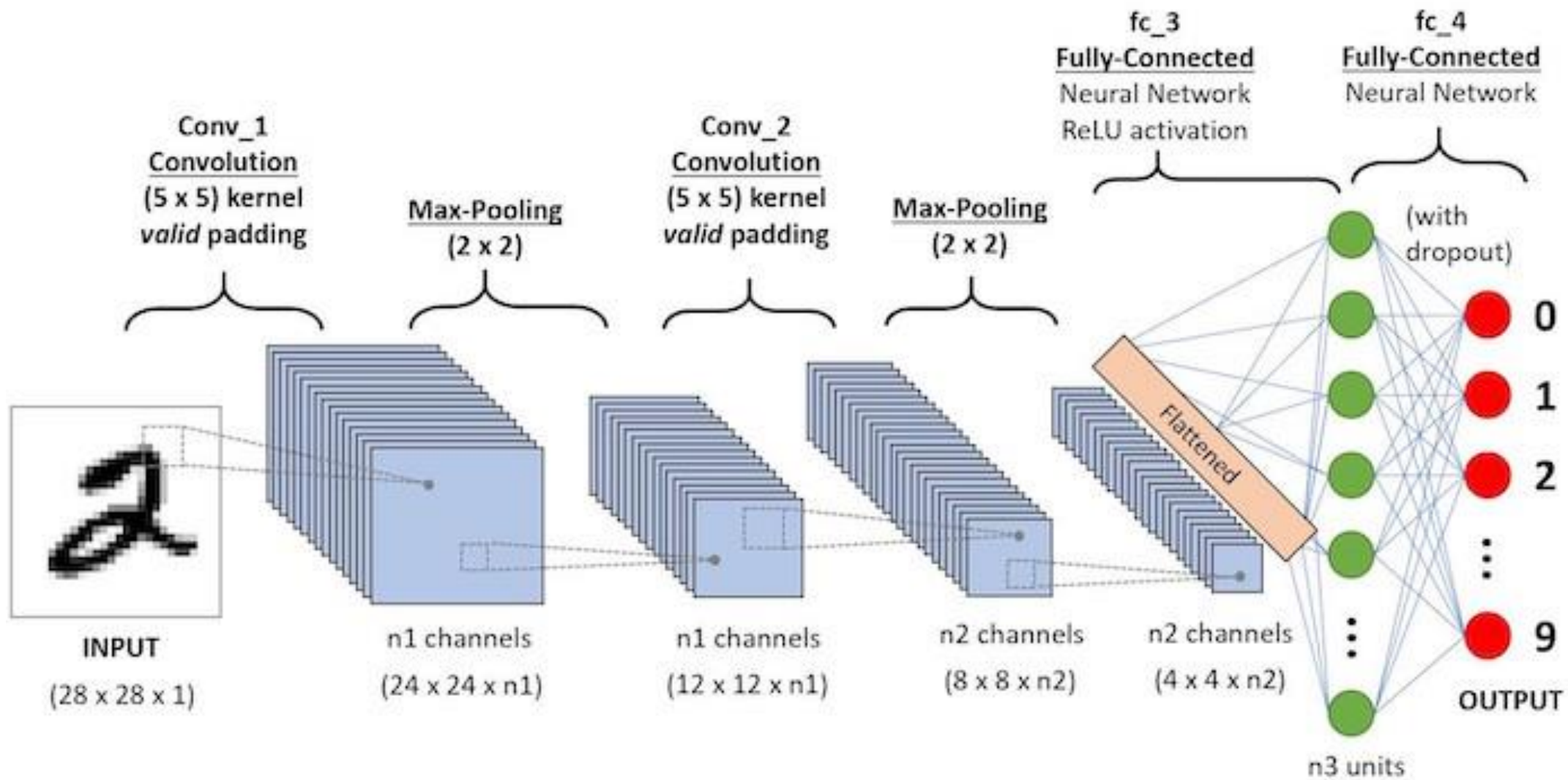
RNN



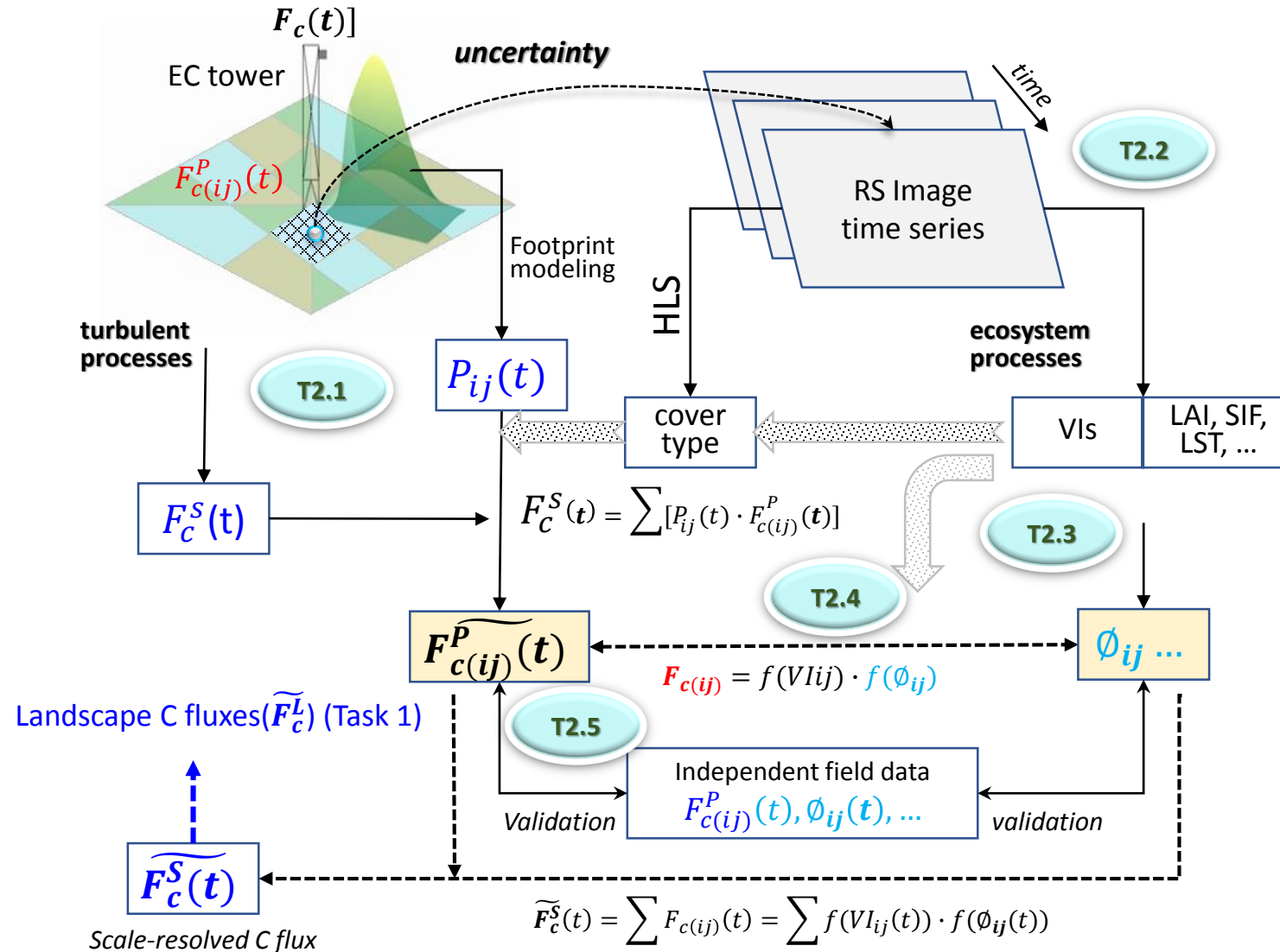
GNN



Fully Connected Layer (FC Layer)



A conceptual framework to understand EC fluxes with footprint models and spatial databases (RS) using Deep Learnings (RNN and GNN)



In sum,

Integrating time series of multiple variables (RNN) and spatial data (GNN) of various resolutions is a promising direction in flux studies (gap filling, predictions, regional applications).

More details at

1) LEES Webpage:

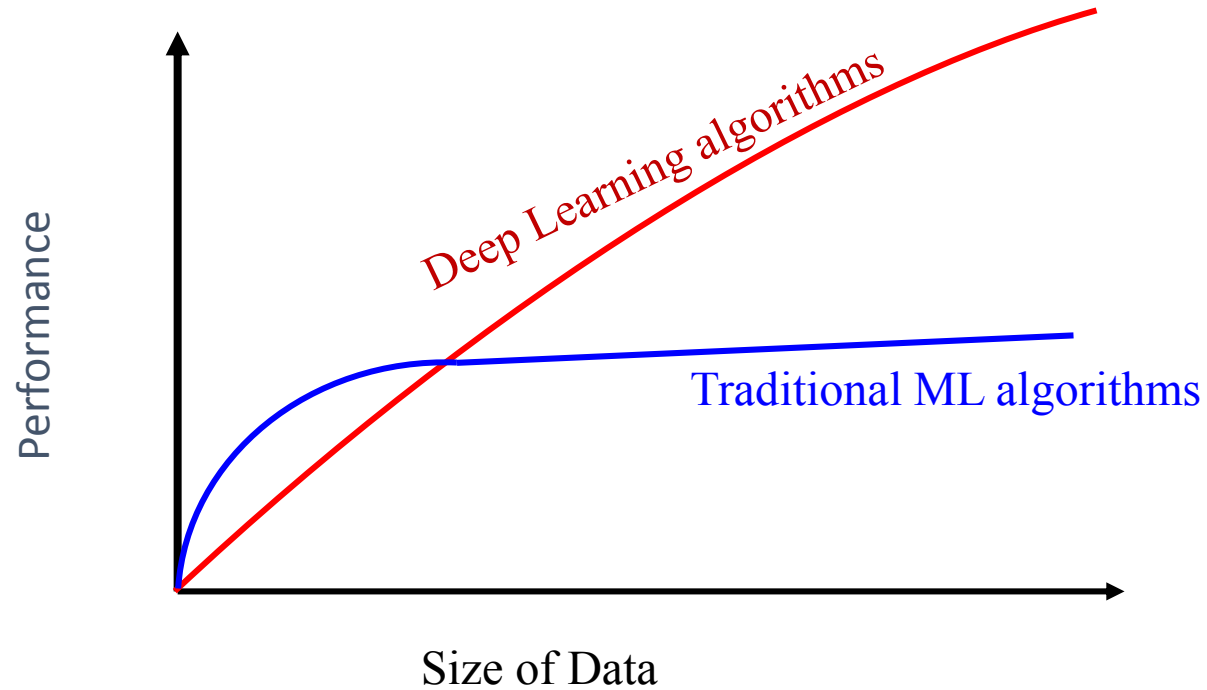
<http://lees.geo.msu.edu/>

1) Recent publication:

<https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=fv8umPcAAAAJ&hl=en&oi=ao>

Questions?

Deep Learning vs Traditional Machine Learning



Data is the key